AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 10, 2008 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 1, 2008 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 24, 2008

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007–08 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2880

Introduced by Assembly Member Wolk (Coauthor: Assembly Member Galgiani)

February 22, 2008

An act to amend Section 10156.8 of, and to add Sections 10133.25 and 10150.1 to, the Business and Professions Code,—and to amend Sections 22103, 22104, 22112, 50121, and 50205 of, and to add Sections 22004.5, 22168, 50003.5, and 50513 to, the Financial Code, relating to mortgage lending.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2880, as amended, Wolk. Mortgage lending.

Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of real estate brokers by the Real Estate Commissioner. Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of finance lenders and brokers and residential mortgage lenders and servicers by the Department of Corporations. Existing law requires these licensees a real estate broker to pay specified licensing fees to, and requires finance lenders and residential mortgage lenders and servicers to maintain specified surety bonds with, their regulators the commissioner. A willful violation of the law regulating these licensees real estate brokers is a crime.

This bill would require a real estate broker who makes, arranges, or services loans secured by real property to maintain a surety bond with the commissioner, as specified. The bill would provide that a mortgage AB 2880 — 2 —

broker, as defined, who provides brokerage services to a borrower is the fiduciary of the borrower. The bill would create various duties that these mortgage brokers would be required to satisfy when making, arranging, or servicing consumer loans, as defined. The bill would prohibit mortgage brokers from receiving compensation for placing a borrower in a consumer loan that is more costly than that for which the borrower qualifies, except as specified. The bill would prohibit a mortgage broker from, for a one-year period after consummation of a consumer loan that the broker negotiated or arranged, engaging in direct marketing with the borrower regarding refinancing the loan, as specified. The bill would make a mortgage broker who violates these provisions civilly liable to the borrower for damages and would authorize the court to award punitive damages to the borrower. Because a willful violation of these provisions by a real estate broker, a broker under the Finance Lenders Law, or a residential mortgage lender would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The bill would also increase the amounts of certain of the fees that finance lenders and residential mortgage lenders are required to pay to, and the amounts of the surety bonds mortgage brokers, as defined, are required to maintain with, their regulators, and the amount of net worth that must be maintained by a finance lender.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 10133.25 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:
- 3 10133.25. (a) For purposes of this section, the following 4 definitions shall apply:
- 5 (1) "Mortgage broker" means a real estate broker who acts 6 pursuant to Section 10131.1 or subdivision (d) of Section 10131, 7 and who makes, arranges, or services consumer loans.
- 8 (2) "Consumer loan" has the meaning set forth in Section 4970 of the Financial Code.

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(b) A mortgage broker who provides brokerage services to a borrower is the fiduciary of the borrower, and any violation of the person's fiduciary duties shall be a violation of this section. A mortgage broker who arranges a consumer loan owes this fiduciary duty to the borrower regardless of whether the mortgage broker may be acting for anyone else as an agent in the course of the loan transaction.

- (c) In addition to duties imposed by other statutes or at common law, a mortgage broker shall comply with all of the following duties, which may not be waived by the borrower or modified by the mortgage broker:
- (1) A mortgage broker shall act in the borrower's best interest and in the utmost good faith toward the borrower and shall not compromise a borrower's right or interest in favor of another's right or interest, including, but not limited to, a right or interest of the mortgage broker.
- (2) A mortgage broker shall safeguard and account for any money handled for the borrower.
- (3) A mortgage broker shall follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the borrower.
- (4) A mortgage broker shall use reasonable skill, care, and diligence.
- (5) A mortgage broker shall clearly disclose to the borrower, in a timely fashion, all material information that might reasonably affect the borrower's rights, interests, or ability to receive the borrower's intended benefit from the consumer loan, including, but not limited to, total compensation the mortgage broker would receive from any of the loan options the mortgage broker presents to the borrower.
- (6) A mortgage broker shall make reasonable efforts to secure a loan that is in the best interests of the borrower considering all the circumstances, including, but not limited to, the product type, rates, charges, and repayment terms of the consumer loan.
- (7) A mortgage broker shall not make or cause to be made, directly or indirectly, any false, deceptive, or misleading statement, representation, or omission in connection with a consumer loan.
- (8) A mortgage broker shall not accept, give, or charge any undisclosed compensation or realize any undisclosed remuneration, whether through direct or indirect means, that inures to the benefit of the mortgage broker on an expenditure made for the borrower.

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(d) (1)—A mortgage broker shall not steer, counsel, or direct a borrower to a consumer loan with rates, charges, principal amount, or prepayment terms that are more costly than that for which the borrower qualifies.

- (2) If unable to suggest, offer, or recommend to a borrower a consumer loan that is not more expensive than that for which the consumer qualifies, a mortgage broker shall disclose both of the following to the consumer:
- (A) That the lenders with whom the mortgage broker has a business relationship do not offer a consumer loan that is not more expensive than that for which the borrower qualifies, but that other ereditors may offer such a loan.
- (B) The reasons that the products and services offered by the lenders with whom the mortgage broker has a business relationship are not available to, or reasonably advantageous for, the borrower.
- (e) (1) A mortgage broker shall not receive, directly or indirectly, any compensation for placing a borrower in a consumer loan that is more costly than that for which the borrower qualifies, or that is based on, or varies with, the terms of any home mortgage loan, other than the amount of loan principal.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in a consumer loan other than a high-cost loan, a subprime loan, or a nontraditional loan, a mortgage broker may receive compensation in the form of an increased rate not to exceed—100 200 basis points above the par rate for which the borrower qualifies, provided all of the following are satisfied:
- (A) The mortgage broker receives no other compensation, however denominated, directly or indirectly, from the borrower, creditor, or other mortgage originator.
- (B) The loan does not include discount points, origination points, or rate reduction points, however denominated, or any payment reduction fee, however denominated.
 - (C) The loan does not include a prepayment penalty.
- (D) There are no other closing costs associated with the loan, except for fees to government officials or amounts to fund escrow accounts for taxes and insurance.
- (f) For a period of one year from the consummation of a consumer loan that was negotiated or arranged by a mortgage broker, that mortgage broker shall not engage in direct marketing or initiate any communication with the borrower regarding

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refinancing of that consumer loan. "Direct marketing" and 1 2 "communication" shall include any communication directed at a 3 specific person without the use of intervening media, including, 4 but not limited to, the following methods: telephone, electronic 5 mail, United States mail or other form of courier service, and 6 in-person communication. This subdivision shall not restrict a 7 broker from responding to specific customer inquiries regarding 8 refinancing.

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- (g) A mortgage broker who fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be civilly liable to the consumer in an amount equal to any actual damages suffered by the consumer, plus attorneys fees and costs. A court may, in addition to any other remedy, award punitive damages to the consumer upon a finding that damages are warranted pursuant to Section 3294 of the Civil Code.
- (h) The duties, rights, and remedies provided in this section are cumulative and in addition to any other duties, rights, and remedies provided by law.
- SEC. 2. Section 10150.1 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

10150.1. (a) Any real estate broker who acts pursuant to Section 10131.1 or subdivision (d) or (e) of Section 10131, and who makes, arranges, or services loans secured by real property containing one to four residential units, shall maintain a surety bond in accordance with this section. The principal amount of the bond shall be in an amount and form prescribed by regulations of the commissioner. The regulations shall provide for a varying bond amount based upon a licensee's volume of business as a real estate broker that negotiates loans as a mortgage broker and any other relevant factors as determined by the commissioner, but in no case shall the bond be less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) nor more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000); provided, however, that upon a determination by the commissioner that the licensee is not in compliance with any provision of this chapter, or Division 1.6 (commencing with Section 4970) of the Financial Code, or any rule or order adopted or issued to implement or enforce any of these provisions, the commissioner may require the licensee to post a surety bond twice the amount of the bond as is required consistent with the regulations. The bond shall be payable to the commissioner and issued by an insurer authorized to do

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business in this state. A copy of the bond, including any and all riders and endorsements executed subsequent to the effective date of the bond, shall be filed with the commissioner for review and approval prior to execution, and filed with the commissioner within 10 days of execution. For licensees with multiple licensed locations, only one surety bond is required.

- (b) The bond required under this section shall be used for the recovery of expenses, fines, and fees levied by the commissioner in accordance with this division or for losses or damages incurred by borrowers or consumers as the result of a licensee's noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter or Division 1.6 (commencing with Section 4970) of the Financial Code.
- SEC. 3. Section 10156.8 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:
- 10156.8. As one of the conditions to the issuance of a restricted license authorized by Section 10156.5 the commissioner may require the filing of surety bonds in such form and condition as he may require in respect to the restricted licensee for the protection of persons or classes of persons with whom said licensee may deal. With respect to a licensee who acts pursuant to Section 10131.1 or subdivision (d) or (e) of Section 10131, and who makes, arranges, or services loans secured by real property containing one to four residential units, the commissioner shall require, as one of the conditions to the issuance of a restricted license, the filing of a surety bond in an amount no less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- SEC. 4. Section 22004.5 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 22004.5. For purposes of this division, "mortgage broker" means a licensee who engages in the business of negotiating consumer loans, as defined in Section 4970, or who performs any act as a negotiator in connection with those consumer loans made by a finance lender licensed under this division.
- SEC. 5. Section 22103 of the Financial Code is amended to read:
- 22103. At the time of filing the application, the applicant shall pay to the commissioner the sum of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) as a fee for investigating the application, plus the cost of fingerprint processing and the criminal history record check under Section 22101.5, and seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) as an

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application fee. The licensee shall also pay an annual renewal fee of six hundred dollars (\$600). The investigation fee, including the amount for the criminal history record cheek, and the application fee are not refundable if an application is denied or withdrawn.

SEC. 6. Section 22104 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

22104. The applicant shall file with the application financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and acceptable to the commissioner that indicate a net worth of at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). A licensee shall maintain a net worth of at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) at all times.

SEC. 7. Section 22112 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

22112. (a) A finance lender licensed under this division shall maintain a surety bond in accordance with this subdivision in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

- (b) A mortgage broker licensed under this division shall maintain a surety bond in an amount and form prescribed by regulations of the commissioner. The regulations shall provide for a varying bond amount based upon a licensee's volume of business and any other relevant factors as determined by the commissioner, but in no case shall the bond be less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) nor more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000); provided, however, that upon a determination by the commissioner that the licensee is not in compliance with any provision of this division, or Division 1.6 (commencing with Section 4970), or any rule or order adopted or issued to implement or enforce any of these provisions, the commissioner may require the licensee to post a surety bond twice the amount of the bond as is required consistent with the regulations.
- (c) The bonds required under subdivisions (a) and (b) shall be payable to the commissioner and issued by an insurer authorized to do business in this state. An original surety bond, including any and all riders and endorsements executed subsequent to the effective date of the bond, shall be filed with the commissioner within 10 days of execution. For licensees with multiple licensed locations, only one surety bond is required. The bond shall be used for the recovery of expenses, fines, and fees levied by the commissioner in accordance with this division or for losses or

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damages incurred by borrowers or consumers as the result of a licensee's noncompliance with the requirements of this division, or Division 1.6 (commencing with Section 4970).

- (d) When an action is commenced on a licensee's bond, the commissioner may require the filing of a new bond. Immediately upon recovery of any action on the bond, the licensee shall file a new bond. Failure to file a new bond within 10 days of the recovery on a bond, or within 10 days after notification by the commissioner that a new bond is required, constitutes sufficient grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license.
- SEC. 8. Section 22168 is added to the Financial Code, to read: 22168. (a) For purposes of this section, and notwithstanding Section 22203, "consumer loan" has the meaning set forth in Section 4970.
- (b) A mortgage broker who provides brokerage services to a borrower in connection with a consumer loan is the fiduciary of the borrower, and any violation of the person's fiduciary duties shall be a violation of this section. A mortgage broker who arranges a consumer loan owes this fiduciary duty to the borrower regardless of whether the mortgage broker may be acting for anyone else as an agent in the course of the loan transaction.
- (c) In addition to duties imposed by other statutes or at common law, a mortgage broker shall comply with all of the following duties, which may not be waived by the borrower or modified by the mortgage broker:
- (1) A mortgage broker shall act in the borrower's best interest and in the utmost good faith toward the borrower and shall not compromise a borrower's right or interest in favor of another's right or interest, including, but not limited, to a right or interest of the mortgage broker.
- (2) A mortgage broker shall safeguard and account for any money handled for the borrower.
- (3) A mortgage broker shall follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the borrower.
- (4) A mortgage broker shall use reasonable skill, care, and diligence.
- (5) A mortgage broker shall clearly disclose to the borrower, in a timely fashion, all material information that might reasonably affect the borrower's rights, interests, or ability to receive the borrower's intended benefit from the consumer loan, including,

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but not limited to, total compensation the mortgage broker would receive from any of the loan options the mortgage broker presents to the borrower.

- (6) A mortgage broker shall make reasonable efforts to secure a loan that is in the best interests of the borrower considering all the circumstances, including, but not limited to, the product type, rates, charges, and repayment terms of the consumer loan.
- (7) A mortgage broker shall not make or cause to be made, directly or indirectly, any false, deceptive, or misleading statement, representation, or omission in connection with a consumer loan.
- (8) A mortgage broker shall not accept, give, or charge any undisclosed compensation or realize any undisclosed remuneration, whether through direct or indirect means, that inures to the benefit of the mortgage broker on an expenditure made for the borrower.
- (d) (1) A mortgage broker shall not steer, counsel, or direct a borrower to a consumer loan with rates, charges, principal amount, or prepayment terms that are more costly than that for which the borrower qualifies.
- (2) If unable to suggest, offer, or recommend to a borrower a consumer loan that is not more expensive than that for which the consumer qualifies, a mortgage broker shall disclose both of the following to the consumer:
- (A) That the lenders with whom the mortgage broker has a business relationship do not offer a consumer loan that is not more expensive than that for which the borrower qualifies, but that other ereditors may offer such a loan.
- (B) The reasons that the products and services offered by the lenders with whom the mortgage broker has a business relationship are not available to, or reasonably advantageous for, the borrower.
- (e) (1) A mortgage broker shall not receive, directly or indirectly, any compensation for placing a borrower in a consumer loan that is more costly than that for which the borrower qualifies, or that is based on, or varies with, the terms of any home mortgage loan, other than the amount of loan principal.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in a consumer loan other than a high-cost loan, a subprime loan, or a nontraditional loan, a mortgage broker may receive compensation in the form of an increased rate not to exceed 100 basis points above the par rate for which the borrower qualifies, provided all of the following are satisfied:

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(A) The mortgage broker receives no other compensation, however denominated, directly or indirectly, from the borrower, creditor, or other mortgage originator.

- (B) The loan does not include discount points, origination points, or rate reduction points, however denominated, or any payment reduction fee, however denominated.
 - (C) The loan does not include a prepayment penalty.
- (D) There are no other closing costs associated with the loan, except for fees to government officials or amounts to fund escrow accounts for taxes and insurance.
- (f) For a period of one year from the consummation of a consumer loan that was negotiated or arranged by a mortgage broker, that mortgage broker shall not engage in direct marketing or initiate any communication with the borrower regarding refinancing of that consumer loan. "Direct marketing" and "communication" shall include any communication directed at a specific person without the use of intervening media, including, but not limited to, the following methods: telephone, electronic mail, United States mail or other form of courier service, and in-person communication. This subdivision shall not restrict a mortgage broker from responding to specific customer inquiries regarding refinancing.
- (g) A mortgage broker who fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be civilly liable to the consumer in an amount equal to any actual damages suffered by the consumer, plus attorneys fees and costs. A court may, in addition to any other remedy, award punitive damages to the consumer upon a finding that damages are warranted pursuant to Section 3294 of the Civil Code.
- (h) The duties, rights, and remedies provided in this section are eumulative and in addition to any other duties, rights, and remedies provided by law.
- SEC. 9. Section 50003.5 is added to the Financial Code, to read:
- 50003.5. For purposes of this division, "mortgage broker" means any licensee under this division who provides brokerage services pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 50700) in connection with a consumer loan, as defined in Section 4970.
- 39 SEC. 10. Section 50121 of the Financial Code is amended to 40 read:

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50121. The commissioner shall issue a license upon the satisfaction of all of the following:

- (a) The filing with the commissioner of a complete and verified application for licensure.
- (b) The filing as an exhibit to the application of a listing of material judgments filed against, and bankruptcy petitions filed by, the applicant for the preceding five years, and the disposition thereof.
- (c) The payment of a nonrefundable investigation fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), plus the cost of fingerprint processing and clearance, and an application filing fee of nine hundred dollars (\$900).
- (d) An investigation of the statements required by Section 50124 based upon which the commissioner is able to issue findings that the financial responsibility, criminal records (verified by fingerprint, at the discretion of the commissioner), experience, character, and general fitness of the applicant and of the partners or members thereof, if the applicant is a partnership or association, and of the principal officers and directors thereof, if the license applicant is a corporation, support a finding that the business will be operated honestly, fairly, and in accordance with the requirements of this division.
- SEC. 11. Section 50205 of the Financial Code is amended to read:
- 50205. (a) A licensee shall maintain a surety bond in accordance with this subdivision. The bond shall be used for the recovery of expenses, fines, and fees levied by the commissioner in accordance with this division or for losses or damages incurred by borrowers or consumers as the result of a licensee's noncompliance with the requirements of this division. Except as specified in subdivision (b), the bond shall be payable when the licensee fails to comply with a provision of this division and shall be in the amount of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), and may be increased by order of the commissioner to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) upon a determination by the commissioner that the licensee is not in compliance with any provision of this chapter or any rule or order adopted or issued by the commissioner to implement or enforce provisions of this chapter.
- (b) A mortgage broker shall maintain a surety bond in an amount prescribed by regulations of the commissioner. The

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regulations shall provide for a varying bond amount based upon a licensee's volume of business and any other relevant factors as determined by the commissioner, but in no case shall the bond be less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) nor more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000); provided, however, that upon a determination by the commissioner that the licensee is not in compliance with any provision of this division, or Division 1.6 (commencing with Section 4970), or any rule or order adopted or issued to implement or enforce any of these provisions, the commissioner may require the licensee to post a surety bond twice the amount of the bond as is required consistent with the regulations.

- (c) The bonds required under subdivisions (a) and (b) shall be payable to the commissioner and issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state. An original surety bond, including any and all riders and endorsements executed subsequent to the effective date of the bond, shall be filed with the commissioner within 10 days of its execution.
- (d) When an action is commenced on a licensee's bond, the commissioner may require the filing of a new bond. Immediately upon the recovery of an action on the bond, the licensee shall file a new bond. Failure to file a new bond within 10 days of the recovery on a bond, or within 10 days after notification by the commissioner that a new bond is required, constitutes sufficient grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license.
- SEC. 12. Section 50513 is added to the Financial Code, to read: 50513. (a) A mortgage broker who provides brokerage services to a borrower is the fiduciary of the borrower, and any violation of the person's fiduciary duties shall be a violation of this section. A mortgage broker who arranges a consumer loan owes this fiduciary duty to the borrower regardless of whether the mortgage broker may be acting for anyone else as an agent in the course of the loan transaction.
- (b) In addition to duties imposed by other statutes or at common law, a mortgage broker shall comply with all of the following duties, which may not be waived by the borrower or modified by the mortgage broker:
- (1) A mortgage broker shall act in the borrower's best interest and in the utmost good faith toward the borrower and shall not compromise a borrower's right or interest in favor of another's

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right or interest, including, but not limited to, a right or interest of
the mortgage broker.
A mortgage broker shall safeguard and account for any

- (2) A mortgage broker shall safeguard and account for any money handled for the borrower.
- (3) A mortgage broker shall follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the borrower.
- (4) A mortgage broker shall use reasonable skill, care, and diligence.
- (5) A mortgage broker shall clearly disclose to the borrower, in a timely fashion, all material information that might reasonably affect the borrower's rights, interests, or ability to receive the borrower's intended benefit from the consumer loan, including, but not limited to, total compensation the mortgage broker would receive from any of the loan options the mortgage broker presents to the borrower.
- (6) A mortgage broker shall make reasonable efforts to secure a loan that is in the best interests of the borrower considering all the circumstances, including, but not limited to, the product type, rates, charges, and repayment terms of the consumer loan.
- (7) A mortgage broker shall not make or cause to be made, directly or indirectly, any false, deceptive, or misleading statement, representation, or omission in connection with a consumer loan.
- (8) A mortgage broker shall not accept, give, or charge any undisclosed compensation or realize any undisclosed remuneration, whether through direct or indirect means, that inures to the benefit of the mortgage broker on an expenditure made for the borrower.
- (c) (1) A mortgage broker shall not steer, counsel, or direct a borrower to a consumer loan with rates, charges, principal amount, or prepayment terms that are more costly than that for which the borrower qualifies.
- (2) If unable to suggest, offer, or recommend to a borrower a consumer loan that is not more expensive than that for which the consumer qualifies, a mortgage broker shall disclose both of the following to the consumer:
- (A) That the lenders with whom the mortgage broker has a business relationship do not offer a consumer loan that is not more expensive than that for which the borrower qualifies, but that other ereditors may offer such a loan.

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(B) The reasons that the products and services offered by the lenders with whom the mortgage broker has a business relationship are not available to, or reasonably advantageous for, the borrower.

- (d) (1) A mortgage broker shall not receive, directly or indirectly, any compensation for placing a borrower in a consumer loan that is more costly than that for which the borrower qualifies, or that is based on, or varies with, the terms of any home mortgage loan, other than the amount of loan principal.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in a consumer loan other than a high-cost loan, a subprime loan, or a nontraditional loan, a mortgage broker may receive compensation in the form of an increased rate not to exceed 100 basis points above the par rate for which the borrower qualifies, provided all of the following are satisfied:
- (A) The mortgage broker receives no other compensation, however denominated, directly or indirectly, from the borrower, ereditor, or other mortgage originator.
- (B) The loan does not include discount points, origination points, or rate reduction points, however denominated, or any payment reduction fee, however denominated.
 - (C) The loan does not include a prepayment penalty.
- (D) There are no other closing costs associated with the loan, except for fees to government officials or amounts to fund escrow accounts for taxes and insurance.
- (e) For a period of one year from the consummation of a consumer loan that was negotiated or arranged by a mortgage broker, that mortgage broker shall not engage in direct marketing or initiate any communication with the borrower regarding refinancing of that consumer loan. "Direct marketing" and "communication" shall include any communication directed at a specific person without the use of intervening media, including, but not limited to, the following methods: telephone, electronic mail, United States mail or other form of courier service, and in-person communication. This subdivision shall not restrict a mortgage broker from responding to specific customer inquiries regarding refinancing.
- (f) A mortgage broker who fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be civilly liable to the consumer in an amount equal to any actual damages suffered by the consumer, plus attorneys fees and costs. A court may, in addition to any other

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remedy, award punitive damages to the consumer upon a finding 2 that damages are warranted pursuant to Section 3294 of the Civil 3 Code.

(g) The duties, rights, and remedies provided in this section are cumulative and in addition to any other duties, rights, and remedies provided by law.

SEC. 13.

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7 8 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school 10 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or 11 12 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 13 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within 14 15 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 16 Constitution.